

A Victory for Arthur.

The Republican National Committee decided by a vote of 25 to 18, as we stated Thursday, not to make the basis of representation in the next Republican National Convention different from what it has been heretofore. This result may be set down as a victory for the Stalwarts—for ARTHUR and MAHONEY. It does not absolutely prove that the MAHONEY delegates from Virginia, rather than the BLAINE delegates, will be admitted into the next National Convention, but it is at least an indication that such will be the fact. We say it is a victory for ARTHUR and MAHONEY because General MAHONEY is for ARTHUR, and ARTHUR, as controlling the Government officials in the South, desired the southern States to be fully represented in that body. Therefore General MAHONEY has reason to be pleased with the decision. It is possible, of course, that the BLAINE men may be numerous enough in the Convention itself to protect the interests of the distinguished statesman of Maine, and seat the delegates his friends send from Virginia. His friends succeeded in controlling the last national convention of his party in the face of circumstances better calculated to discourage them than anything that has yet appeared upon the surface this year. They defeated CONKLING, CAMERON, and LOGAN—the bosses of New York, Pennsylvania, and Illinois—and also General GRANT. It was almost a miraculous victory. It is difficult to understand how that grand triumph was accomplished. But so it was. GRANT, CONKLING, LOGAN, and CAMERON claimed that a State convention had the right to elect and instruct the whole delegation from the State how to vote. BLAINE's friends, on the other hand, contended that each congressional district had the right to elect delegates, and that these delegates were the real representatives of the people and could not be instructed by a State convention. Mr. BLAINE carried the Convention. So it is at least possible that his followers may be successful next year in seating whatever BLAINE delegates may be sent from the South.

The Republican National Convention is the product of a rotten-borough system of choosing delegates. It is by no means a representative body. The sixteen southern States—Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, Texas, Missouri, Kentucky, and Tennessee—have 153 electoral votes, and are of course represented in the same proportion in a National Convention. Therefore, nearly two-fifths of the members of that body will be sent from the States above named, not one of which will cast a vote for the Republican nominee for President of the United States. Consequently, if Mr. ARTHUR can command the votes of all the southern States, and another ninth of the delegates, he can be nominated. This condition of things cannot be agreeable to Mr. BLAINE, nor to any other Republican who expects his name to be prominent in the National Convention.

But are not Democratic National Conventions obnoxious to the same objection? Not to the same extent, by any means; for in them the nomination is always made by a two-thirds vote. That of itself is a great protection against undue control of that body. But that is not all. There are no States in which the election of the delegates can be controlled by the patronage of the National Government. If one candidate has the power to secure the delegates in one State by the use of local patronage, this is fully offset by the fact that another candidate can secure the vote of another State in the same way. It is a small wrong contrasted with the outrage of securing for one aspirant, by the use of the nation's offices, the solid vote of two-fifths of the delegates to a National Convention.

We take it for granted that the BLAINE Republicans in Virginia will, as they say, send their delegates to the National Convention. The meeting they held in Washington the other day was quite respectable in numbers, and indicated that they are stronger than they were before General MAHONEY's late defeat.

No Recruits There.

Some of our Democratic contemporaries seem to expect that the Republican opponents of protection will come over to the Democratic party if this question shall be made an issue in the presidential election of next year, and that their votes would offset the losses which the Democratic party would otherwise sustain. The St. Louis organ of the Republican party speaks on this subject as follows:

"The attitude of the Free-Trade Republicans offers about as unfavorable a comment on the Democratic party as can be found anywhere. The reason why they prefer to remain in the Republican ranks is that though they differ with the majority of the party on the matter of protection, they find it so entirely superior to the Democratic party on general principles that the subject of the tariff becomes a subordinate consideration."

And so it ought to be with the Democrats of Virginia. "The Democratic party is so entirely superior to the Republican party on general principles" that every good and true man in the former party ought to regard the views of any candidate for office on the tariff question as "a subordinate consideration."

The Herald and the Evening Post of New York, as has been well said, will encourage the Democrats to adopt an anti-protection platform next year, and will, just as soon as the election is over, if they are defeated, tell them what a set of fools they were for not sticking to the Virginia, Ohio, and Pennsylvania platform. The Herald will change its position before the election is twenty-four hours old, and the Evening Post will support the Republican party all the time, though it advocates all the time civil-service reform and tariff reform. Doubtless, the Post would give the same reason as the St. Louis Stalwart organ gives for its inconsistency; and that would afford little satisfaction to the defeated Democrats.

Will the Democrats play this game of "Heads I win, tails you lose"?

The truth will tell. The New York World says:

"The question of protection is one of degree, not of kind. Both political parties are for protection."

Just so. Louisiana Democrats want sugar protected; Missouri Democrats, zinc; South Carolina Democrats, rice; Kentucky Democrats, hemp.

Our correspondent "Democrat" will have seen when this shall meet his eye that the Democrats in the Legislature are unanimously in favor of making the Rindfleisch bill effective if they can do it by proper legislation.

How It Works.—Mr. HALSTEAD may moan and groan, but he will moan and groan in vain. He said a day or two ago:

"We do not want the vote of one southern Republican in the Convention to count as much as the votes of five northern Republicans, when the southern brethren cannot by any possibility lack their personal preferences with electoral votes."

But in spite of your "want" the National Committee of your party has decreed that "one southern Republican in the Convention shall count as much as the votes of five northern Republicans." Is that the entertainment to which you were invited? Strange to say, Mr. HALSTEAD is constantly asserting that the Republicans are in a majority in several of the southern States. This he says when he wishes to prove that the "shot-gun policy" controls those States.

Is SAUL also among the prophets? Here is HENRY WATSON saying that over-production has resulted in reducing the price of steel rails to so low a figure that they could not be brought to this country from England even were there no duty upon them. This means that a high tariff has produced low prices. Mr. KELLY, of Pennsylvania, maintains that such is the effect of high tariffs, but Mr. WATSON generally teaches that a protective tariff causes the defenceless public to pay much higher prices.

One man in New York city spent the other evening fifty thousand dollars on a dinner. There are hundreds of men in that city able to give such dinners. Yet the same city is asking the whole country to help it to pay for placing BARNUM's statue in position, and fairs and feasts, &c., &c., are invoked to raise the few thousand dollars needed for that purpose!

We propose Chicago as the seat of the next Democratic National Convention. That city has a hall of the kind needed, abundant hotels, and whatever else is indispensable. It is no objection to Chicago that the Republican Convention will meet there on the 3d of June, but rather an additional reason why that city should be selected.

THE SOUTHERN POLITY.—The December No. of the Southern Polity closes the third volume of the magazine. It has been a periodical of merit from the first issue. It is a repository of the best sermonic literature of the day. The South has never been without masters in the sacred calling. This publication has preserved hundreds of the religious orations of these divines. Revs. H. M. JACKSON and J. J. LAMBERT, editors.

Good Advice.

Now that the first attempt to have righted the wrong done to Virginia by MAHONEY's returning board, when they gave certificates to seats in the United States House of Representatives to people not entitled to them, has failed by reason of the giving Mr. HENDALL the chairmanship of the Appropriations Committee, make him a member of the Elections Committee. The duties of the first place will be very arduous and to be sure, and will not leave Mr. Randall much time to devote to the latter, and he would, therefore, probably ask to be excused from the first place, but in consideration of all the circumstances he might be induced to serve as a member of the Elections Committee, and thereby do Virginia a favor which she will not be slow to return when she has a chance.

A Man Torn to Pieces.

A Chicago telegram says: A frightful accident has resulted in the death of John Burke occurred in the engine-room of the Fuller Electric Light Company, No. 12 Arcade Court, a few minutes after 12 o'clock to-day. The employees were just washing their hands for dinner, and a bucket of water was placed in front of the big engine, and within the feet of a sixteen-inch belt that connected the fly-wheel with the other machinery. One of the men had washed his hands and started to the front of the engine-room, where the others were standing, leaving Burke, the luckiest, preparing to wash. A half-minute later a smothered groan was heard, and one of the men ran and stopped the engine. It is supposed that Burke had stooped over to wash with his back to the immense belt which was going round with great velocity, when some portion of his clothing caught and he was instantly carried between the fly-wheel and a stone wall where there was only a few inches of space. He was torn limb from limb, and his remains scattered around the room. One leg and arm were torn off, and he was dismembered. The party was called, and the remains gathered together and conveyed to the morgue. Burke was a single man, about thirty years of age. He had relatives or friends somewhere in the city, but their names or places of residence are not known.

Found Dead in the Rut.

WAS IT VIOLENCE OR ACCIDENT THAT CAUSED HIS MISE? MISS ECKERT'S DEATH? The house of John Eckert, in Braddock's Park, was discovered in flames at 11 o'clock Tuesday night, and in fifteen minutes the roof and walls fell in with a crash. A special says: "Only some one of the many gathered about the ruins made a discovery which created the wildest excitement. Upon a smoldering heap in the cellar there lay what appeared to be the charred remains of a human body. A closer inspection proved them to be all that was left of a unfortunate man. The body was removed to an undertaker's room. The legs and hands were missing. Nothing but the blackened trunk and a portion of the skull remained. With the horrible discovery came a rumor that Mrs. Eckert was a victim of foul play, and the hand of suspicion was pointed at her husband. It was known that the two had quarrelled frequently and yesterday he left the house threatening his wife's life. This story created the greatest excitement, and Eckert was at once hunted up and some very ugly threats made against him. This morning Coroner Dressler began a rigid investigation, and after taking the testimony of a number of witnesses the inquest adjourned until tomorrow. While purely circumstantial the evidence was very damaging to the husband, and on the strength of it he was arrested and locked up. Many persons refuse to credit the murder theory and say that the woman met her fate at her own hands, while under the influence of liquor and rage. She was found in a room and was unable to save herself."

General James Longstreet says that it is not his emotion which causes him to break down when he tries to make a speech, but a bullet which is lodged in his throat, and which was added to him in the Wilderness.

B. H. Douglas & Sons' Capsicum Cough Drops are manufactured by themselves, and are the result of over forty years' experience in compounding cough medicines. D. S. and Trade Mark on every drop.

EX-SENATOR CHRISTIANCY'S DIVORCED WIFE DIES A MANIAC.

Victim of Insomnia and Chorea—Her Visit to Friends in Brooklyn Under Her Maiden Name—Insanity Discovered by a Guest—Disappearance, Return, and Death.

A New York special says: Death early this (Thursday) morning relieved the divorced wife of ex-United States Senator Christiancy of all the troubles which followed her short but brilliant married life. After her comparatively aged husband, who was a divorcee from her friend, the young wife naturally became a prey to melancholia, such as much from the change in her circumstances as from the loss of social standing, from which she suffered.

There were, however, friends of her single days who did not turn their backs upon her, but who still maintained their regard for the woman they believed to have been wronged. Among her schoolmates was a married lady who lives at No. 35 Schermerhorn street, Brooklyn.

HER ARRIVAL IN BROOKLYN.

This old acquaintance invited Mrs. Christiancy to visit her, and about eight weeks ago, in response to that invitation, she came to Brooklyn to stay for a time with her friends in that city. Her arrival was unfortunate as to time, for when she presented herself at her old schoolmate's residence there was not an apartment vacant in the house suitable for her occupancy.

It was agreed between the two ladies that Mrs. Christiancy should be known by her maiden name, Miss Lizzie Lugenebeel, and this having been decided upon a room was hired for her at No. 35 Schermerhorn street, a house occupied by Mrs. Dr. Dupre, a well-known physician with a large practice. The visitor was to sleep in the house of the Doctor, but to spend her days and evenings and take her meals with her friend.

Mrs. Christiancy had not been under the roof of Mrs. Dr. Dupre many days before it became evident that she was a victim to the habit of insomnia, and that her friend, who was not a doctor, was unable to do more than to comfort her in this, but the doctor soon discovered the symptom of addition to the use of this anesthetic. Mrs. Christiancy suffered dreadfully from insomnia, and at times from nausea.

The evidences of the chronic habit became stronger and stronger, until marked evidences of insanity developed themselves. Dr. Dupre was not called upon to treat her lodger professionally, but in friendly association with her she discovered that she was not a single woman, and finally that she was the divorced wife of ex-Senator Christiancy.

SIGNS OF INSANITY.

About three weeks ago the unfortunate woman began to grow restless with her eyes, so much so indeed that the room that she occupied had to be darkened. A well-known Brooklyn oculist was called in, who, after a careful examination of the patient, pronounced it as his opinion that she was insane, at the same time stating that the pain given to her by her eyes, which was the most marked evidence that her brain had given away. This doctor also discovered that the lady had been called upon to treat Mrs. Christiancy. The patient sent for Mrs. Dr. Dupre when she found that her identity was discovered by the physician.

"I am persecuted woman," she said. "For God's sake, don't turn me out of this house." Mrs. Christiancy was in a state of great excitement, and seemed to be unable to control herself. Mrs. Dr. Dupre's assurance that she could remain beneath her roof quieted her for a time. Mrs. Christiancy, however, who had been left her room only in her night-dress, and reaching the door of Dr. Dupre's sleeping apartment knocked for admission. "I am being hunted down," the poor woman cried in agony. "Won't you protect me?"

"You are safe here," the doctor replied. "Won't you not like to see your parents?"

"I would, indeed," the excited lady answered. "I think I will write for them to come on."

THE UNFORTUNATE WOMAN'S DEATH.

It was not till Wednesday, however, that Mrs. and Mrs. Lugenebeel were summoned, and then by telegraph, from Mrs. Christiancy's friends. They arrived from Washington yesterday. They came too late, however, to see their daughter, who died a raving lunatic at an early hour yesterday morning.

It became known to-night that Mrs. Christiancy first became very violent on Tuesday, when Mrs. Dupre was called by her servant to quiet her. She did as she was requested, only a few minutes after this visit it was discovered that Mrs. Christiancy had left the house, and she was not seen again by any of the household until Wednesday night, when she came to the doctor's house in a carriage. She was then in a very excited state and could scarcely talk coherently. With some difficulty, she stated that she had been in this city with friends, but subsequently she contradicted herself so fully that her story is not believed. Dr. Dupre gave her a sedative and summoned other medical aid. When they arrived, an empty chloral bottle was upon the mantelpiece in her room, and it was at first supposed that she had committed suicide by swallowing its contents, but the doctors soon became convinced that she was dying from mental disease and physical prostration. The doctors did all in their power for the patient, but death ended her sufferings. The remains will be embalmed and sent to Washington for interment.

ABSOLUTELY PURE.

RRR OOO Y Y A L
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WOOD AND COAL.

EAST VIRGINIA LUMP, BLAZING, GIANT COAL, \$4.50 per ton, the cheapest and best fuel at the price to be had; pure, free from sulphur, and of the best quality for grates; BRIGHTON and MIDDLETON COALS, and NATURAL and GAS COKE for cooking, and fresh, pure, and of the best quality; SUPERIOR ANTHRACITE COAL for grates and stoves, and of the best quality; WOOD, LONG SAWED, and SPLIT, at 722 East Main street, where buyers will be dealt soft. Telephone No. 312. J. B. WATKINS, de 6-3m

BEST ANTHRACITE COAL, \$6.50, \$5.75, and \$5.50 per ton; Easton's Coal, \$5.50 for lump and \$5.25 for split; Superior Coal, \$4.50; Engine Coal from \$2.75 to \$4.50; Soft Coke and Brighton, lowest prices for cash. Free and Oak Wood, long and short, delivered to the door. 165, Office, 1905 Cary street, or Broad between Seventh and Eighth. CHARLES H. PAGE, de 2-1v

GEORGE J. ANDERSON, J. CANON H. FLEMING, ANDERSON & FLEMING, JEFFERSON STREET NEAR BYRD, ANTHRACITE, WEST VIRGINIA SPLIT, CLOVE HILL and COKE, OAK, PINE, and KINDLING WOOD. Telephone No. 244. de 22-1m

COALBURN SPLIT COAL; ANTHRACITE COAL—All sizes. Coal screened and kept dry under shelter. de 12-2m

HAMPTON.

KNOCKED DOWN, BADLY BEATEN, AND ROBBED. (Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.) DECEMBER 14, 1883.

W. Frank Hardy, a young man from Norfolk, was knocked down, badly beaten, and robbed of \$40 and his watch between the Hygeia Hotel and Mill-Creek bridge at Old Point last night by soldiers. Three arrests were made and the watch recovered by the United States authorities.

Virginia News.

The Staunton *Vindicator* is to move into more commodious quarters.

Mr. Thornton Berry, a well-known citizen of Augusta county, died at his residence on Wednesday, in the seventy-third year of his age.

The Fredericksburg *Star* says: The stable and barn of Z. M. Honey, of Stafford county, were set on fire and destroyed on Thursday night about 11 o'clock. Five horses were burned, a lot of corn and hay, a reaper and other agricultural implements. Mr. Honey succeeded in getting three colts out of the stable. His loss is estimated at \$2,000. No insurance.

Relief News Items.

South Carolina is the only State in the Union not having a divorce law, and a bill to regulate divorces has just been defeated in the Legislature.

Frank James was released on \$3,000 bail Thursday afternoon. He was immediately re-arrested on a charge of killing Cashier Sheets, at Gallatin, in 1882.

Beef tea as a beverage has become a popular drink in Omaha, and it is sold at the saloons to the exclusion of whiskey. The saloon-keepers find it profitable, as it is a fifteen-cent drink.

Mr. James Fifer, of Hempstead, Carroll county, Md., having a severe cold, a few days since swallowed carbolic acid by mistake for the bottle for one containing syrup that his wife had prepared for him. The dose causing intense burning he seized another bottle, but instead of syrup added some turpentine to the contents of his stomach. His carelessness caused severe illness, and the physician had a serious job in bringing him through.

Advices have been received at Ottawa showing that a large gold find has been discovered in the Rocky mountains a mile or so north of Podmore. The find is reported to the Department of Agriculture as an immense bonanza. The surface top was of copper, staying at 160 pounds per ton, and that is the gold. Returns to the Department of Agriculture show that the arrival of immigrants in Manitoba from all quarters during eleven months of this year amounted to 45,105.

John Arnold, a young man aged twenty-two, was stricken with paralysis at his home, near Millersburg, Ohio, on Sunday, and died two hours later. Only one week ago Miss Mary Lott, to whom Mr. Arnold was engaged to be married, was stricken with paralysis, and lived long enough to have Mr. Arnold place upon her finger the wedding-ring, and she said to him: "I will take that with me to my grave, and you will follow me soon." Her death occurred less than one week after she died. The affair has cast a gloom over the community.

Of course the Democrats of Virginia will be gratified by the defeat of General MAHONEY in the senatorial caucus yesterday; but time and unenthusiastic indifference will be their joy as compared with the exultation of the Republicans. The defeat of Mr. MAHONEY is a great victory, but the mills of the gods grind slowly, but they grind exceeding fine.—*Washington Post*.

FALL RIVER, MASS., Mr. B. F. Ruddle, druggist, of this city, says that the conqueror of pain, St. Jacob's Oil, is the best remedy he ever handled.

MARRIAGES.

Married, December 12, 1883, by Rev. T. G. Dandell, D. D., assisted by Rev. Dr. Perkins, D. D., and Rev. Dr. L. A. Dandell, D. D., the second daughter of the late Captain Robert D. Minor, at Old Richmond. No cards.

DEATHS.

Died, after a few days' illness, in Jersey City, N. J., in the twenty-second year of his age, on Wednesday, December 12, 1883, John M. and the late Stephen Z. Cox, of Chesterfield county, Va. Jersey City papers please copy.

Died, on Friday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, L. LICHENSTEN, in the fifty-eighth year of his age. His funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 29 north Seventh street, on SUNDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock. Friends are requested to attend without further notice. New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore papers please copy.

THE BEST CURE FOR DISEASES OF THE NERVES, brain, and muscles, is BROWN'S BITTERS.

MAHON, MASS.—Dr. N. S. Engles says: "I remember Brown's Bitter as a valued tonic for curing the blood, and restoring all dyspeptic symptoms. It does not hurt the teeth." HENKIVILLE, ALA.—Dr. J. T. Reddy says: "Brown's Bitter is a safe purgative and merits attention from consumers."

LIBBIE'S EXTRACT OF MEAT.

LIBBIE COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT—FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVORING STOCK FOR SOUPS, MADE-DISHES, AND SAUCES.

LIBBIE COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT. An invaluable and palatable tonic in all cases of weak digestion and debility. "Is a success and a boon for which nations should be grateful."—See "Medical Press," "Lancet," "British Medical Journal," &c.

CAUTION.—Genuine only with the face of Baron Libbie's signature in blue ink across the label. This caution is necessary owing to various cheap and inferior substitutes being in the market.

LIBBIE COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT. To be had of all Storekeepers, Grocers, and Chemists. Sole agents for the United States (wholesale only), C. DAVID & Co., 9 Peachtree avenue, London, England. ap 28-552t

POISON.

Mercury and potash have made more cripples than war, pestilence, and famine combined.

FOUR LADIES. I have been using for a month or two in my household Swift's specific (S. S. S.), the greater portion of it having been consumed by the female portion of my family, and with the happiest results. It acted like a charm on my wife, who had been in bad health for a long time, and for whom I have paid hundreds of dollars for doctors and medicines. I began to build her up from the first dose. Another female member of my family took it with equally satisfactory results. It is certainly the best tonic for delicate ladies that I have ever used, and I have tried them all. I have no doubt that it would exercise close confinement in poorly-ventilated houses, sewer-gas poison, and malarial poison often produce sickness among our wives, daughters, and sisters. Swift's specific is the remedy for all this sort of blood-poisoning. F. L. JONES, J. Q., Quippan, Ga.

Our Treatise on Blood and Skin-Diseases mailed free to applicants.

THE SWIFT PACIFIC COMPANY. de 13-1w

DEAD ANIMALS. DEAD ANIMALS WILL BE REMOVED FROM THIS CITY, and one mile from the city, covering the police jurisdiction.

W. L. BARKER, City Contractor. Notice must be left at the station-house. de 1-23w

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Rev. S. R. PRESTON, of Wytheville, Va., will preach at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. A cordial welcome to all.

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN.—Dr. HOGUE at 11 A. M. and at 4 P. M.

THIRD PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Pastor, Rev. R. R. HOWSON.—SUNDAY, December 16th, communion service 11 A. M., conducted by the pastor; service with sermon at night (7:30) by Rev. PEYTON H. HOGUE, pastor of Fourth Presbyterian church. Seats all free.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH (Grace above Shafter).—Rev. PEYTON H. HOGUE, pastor.—Services at 11 A. M. and 7:45 P. M. Seats free. Public cordially invited.

GRACE-STREET PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—Services at 11 o'clock A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Preaching by one of the pastors, Rev. Mr. DREW.

MONUMENTAL CHURCH.—Rev. J. G. ARMSTRONG, Rector.—Services at 11 o'clock A. M. No afternoon service. Sunday school, 9:45 o'clock A. M.

MONUMENTAL CHURCH CHAPEL will be open for Divine service at 8 o'clock P. M.

FIRST ENGLISH LUTHERAN CHURCH (seventh street between Broad and Grace).—Rev. W. C. SCHAEFER, pastor.—Preaching at 11 A. M. and at 7:45 P. M. All welcome. Seats free.

TRINITY METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH (corner of Twentieth and Broad streets).—J. WILEY REDMOND, pastor.—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. by the pastor. Young men's prayer-meeting from 3 to 4 P. M.

CLAY-STREET METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH (corner of Adams and Clay streets).—Preaching SUNDAY MORNING at 11 o'clock and half-past 7 o'clock P. M. by the pastor, Rev. JOSEPH H. RIDGICK. All are cordially invited. Seats free.

UNION-STATION METHODIST CHURCH (corner of Twenty-fourth and N streets).—Rev. H. C. CHATFIELD, pastor.—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Subject at night, "Paul and Nero."

PARK-PLACE METHODIST CHURCH (near Franklin street).—At 11 A. M. Rev. SAMUEL CLAYTON, of Clay-street Baptist church, and at 7:45 P. M. Rev. JOHN HANSON, D. D.—Subject, "Paul's Text."

BROAD-STREET METHODIST CHURCH (corner Tenth and Broad streets).—Rev. A. C. REDMOND, the pastor, will preach at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Subject, "Lod's Wife and the Pillar of salt." The public cordially invited.

CENTURY METHODIST CHURCH (south side of Grace-street between Fourth and Fifth streets).—Service at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Conducted by the pastor, Rev. P. A. PETERSON. Seats free. All invited to come.

SEVENTH-STREET CHRISTIAN CHURCH.—The pastor, Rev. E. C. GATE, will preach on SUNDAY at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. The public are cordially invited to attend.

MARSHALL-STREET CHRISTIAN CHURCH.—Preaching at 11 A. M. by Elder WILLIAM J. PETERSON.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH (corner Tenth and Broad streets).—The pastor, Rev. J. H. HATHORNE, D. D., will preach on SUNDAY at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Morning subject, "Silent Victories." All welcome.

SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH (corner Main and Sixth streets).—Rev. W. W. LARSON, pastor.—There will be preaching by the pastor on SUNDAY at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.

CLAY-STREET BAPTIST CHURCH (corner of Clay and Graham streets).—Rev. JOHN HANSON, D. D., of Park-Place Methodist Episcopal church, will preach at 11 A. M. and Rev. S. C. CLAYTON, the pastor, will preach at 7:30 P. M.

FULTON BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. PERCY G. ELSOR will preach at 11 A. M. to-morrow, and Rev. WILLIAM E. HATHORNE, D. D., at 7:30 P. M. The subject of the evening will be "The Interest of the Missionary Society of the church." All invited. Sunday school at 9:30 A. M.

VENABLE-STREET BAPTIST CHURCH.—Preaching by the pastor, Rev. C. P. SCOTT, at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Morning subject, "The Dark Continent." All are cordially invited to attend.

THE UNION PRAYER-MEETING OF THE YOUNG MEN OF THE BAPTIST CHURCHES will be held at the Grace-street Baptist church, on SUNDAY, 16th, at 4 o'clock P. M. All young men are cordially invited to be present.

MEETINGS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK OF RICHMOND will be held at the Merchants National Bank, on TUESDAY, January 8, 1884, at 12 o'clock M. J. F. GLENN, Cashier, de 11-10d

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THIS COMPANY will be held on TUESDAY, January 1, 1884, at 10 A. M. at the office of the Virginia Home Insurance Company, 1014 East Main street. P. H. BASKERVILLE, Secretary, de 1-15, 22-22m

RICHMOND, VA., December 8, 1883. THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PLANTERS NATIONAL BANK will be held at the office of the bank, on TUESDAY, January 8, 1884, at 12 o'clock M. MANN S. QUARLES, Cashier, de 8-1d

AMUSEMENTS.

RICHMOND THEATRE. MATINEE at 2 1/2 P. M.

HEARTS OF OAK. HEARTS OF OAK. JAMES A. HERNE in his great character, THE SCENERY ENTIRELY NEW. MARBLE HILL, NACKT, & SCENE. With Rolling Surf and Lighthouse in the distance. Posing the Life-Line. THE WRECK OF THE "CHICKET." THE MILL IN OPERATION. THE PLETTY HOME PICTURE. THEY COME AND THEY GO. THE BABY. Admission, 50c; children, 25c; reserved seats, 75c. de 15-17

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